

Question [1]: [25 mark]

(a) Convert the following numbers showing all steps.

[3 marks each]

$$(11010110001)_2 = (681)_{16}$$

$$(7D3.A)_{16} = (3723.50)_8$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 4 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & . & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ \hline & & & & 3 & 7 & 2 & 3 & . & 5 & 0 \end{array}$$

$$(9)_{10} = (1011)_{6-2-2-1} \text{ or } (1101)$$

$$(-30)_{10} = (11100001)_{1's \text{ complement}} \text{ use 8-bit word length}$$

$$\begin{array}{cccccccc} 164 & 32 & 16 & 8 & 4 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{array} \leftarrow \text{sign \& Mag.}$$

$$(11001111)_{1's \text{ complement}} = (11101000)_{2's \text{ complement}}$$

(b) Convert and add the following numbers in Binary Coded Decimal BCD [4 marks]

$$\begin{array}{r} 37 \\ 63 \\ \hline 100 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 0110 \quad 0011 \\ 0011 \quad 0111 \\ \hline 1001 \quad 1000 \\ 0110 \\ \hline 1010 \quad 0000 \\ + 0110 \\ \hline 0001 \quad 0000 \quad 0000 \end{array}$$

(c) Find the range of numbers which can be represented in 2's complement using 6-bit word length. [3 marks]

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} -2^{n-1} \rightarrow 2^{n-1}-1 \\ -2^5 \rightarrow 2^5-1 \end{array} \right\} \quad [-32 \rightarrow +31]$$

(d) Add the following 2's complement numbers and indicate if over flow occur. [3 marks]

$$\begin{array}{r} 111111 \\ 1111011 \\ + 1000111 \\ \hline 1000010 \end{array} \quad \text{No over flow.}$$

Question [2] : [20 marks]

(a) Simplify the following function: [10 marks]

$$F(A, B, C, D, E) = \{[(A \oplus C) \cdot (C \oplus C)] + (\overline{D \cdot D})\} \oplus \{(E \cdot E) \cdot [(C \oplus C) + (A \oplus B)]\}$$

$$= \overline{D} \oplus E$$

$\uparrow \qquad \uparrow$
 $5 \qquad 5$

(b) Simplify the following function using consensus theorem:

$$F(W, X, Y, Z) = (X + Y + Z)(W + X + Y)(W + Y + Z)(X + Y + Z) \quad [5 \text{ marks}]$$

$$= (W + X + Y)(W' + Y + Z)(X' + Y + Z')$$

$$F(a, b, c, d) = a'c'd + a'bd + bcd + acd \quad [5 \text{ marks}]$$

$$= a'c'd + bcd + acd$$

$$\text{or} \quad = a'c'd + a'bd + acd$$

A diagram of a diamond-shaped frame, which is a square rotated 45 degrees. The four segments of the frame are labeled: 'a' for the top-left segment, 'b' for the top-right segment, 'c' for the bottom-right segment, and 'd' for the bottom-left segment. The segments are connected at their ends to form a continuous loop.

For the above problem do the following;

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a. Construct the truth table of the system.

x	A	B	C	D	a	b	c	d	\bar{a}
0	0	0	0	0	x	x	x	x	x
1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1
2	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1
3	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1
4	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
5	0	1	0	1	x	x	x	x	x
6	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1
7	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0
8	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
9	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1
	1	0	1	0	x	x	x	x	1
	1	0	1	1	x	x	x	x	x
	1	1	0	0	x	x	x	x	x
	1	1	0	1	x	x	x	x	x
	1	1	1	0	x	x	x	x	x
	1	1	1	1	x	x	x	x	x

b. Find the Minterm expansion of segment c in decimal notation.

$$c = \sum m(6, 8, 9) + \sum d(0, 5, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14)$$

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c. Find the Maxterm expansion of segment d in decimal notation.

$$\bar{d} = \prod M(4, 7, 8) \cdot \prod D(0, 5, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14)$$

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$$d = \prod M(1, 2, 3, 6, 9) \cdot \prod D(0, 5, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14)$$

d. Find the minimum sum of products for segment b.

AB \ CD	00	01	11	10
00	X	0	X	0
01	0	X	X	0
11	1	0	X	X
10	1	1	X	X

$$b = c\bar{D} + \bar{B}C$$

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- Kmap standard
- 0's & 1's are entered ok.

- X's exist for m & ms

12 - X's are in correct locations for 10 - 15 combinations.

1 - There are 2 groups of 4 cells.

13 - Correct Function

14 - Function according to groups.

By Boolean Algebra

2 - 3 minterms of 4: $\rightarrow \bar{A}\bar{B}CD + \bar{A}\bar{B}C\bar{D} + \bar{A}B\bar{C}\bar{D}$

2 - Result Minimum: $\rightarrow \bar{A}\bar{B}C + \bar{A}\bar{C}\bar{D}$

3 - using Don't cares to reduce further.

Question [4]: [25 mark]

A logical function is given as:

$$F(a,b,c,d) = \prod M(0,2,5,7,10) \cdot \prod D(8,13,14)$$

- Using K-Map find the **minimum SOP** and **minimum POS** expressions of the function.
- Realize the **minimum SOP** expression (obtained in part a) with three-level only 2- input NAND gates circuit.
- Realize the **minimum POS** expression (obtained in part a) with two-level only NOR gates circuit.

ab \ cd	00	01	11	10
00	0	1	1	X
01	1	0	X	1
11	1	0	1	1
10	0	1	X	0

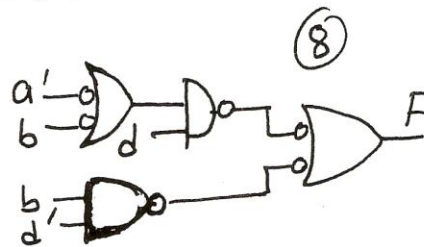
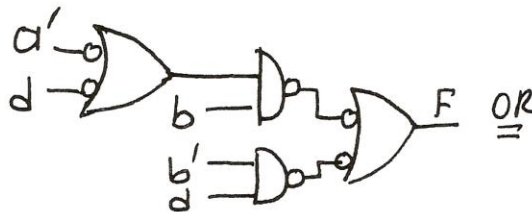
a) $F = ab + b'd + bd'$ or
 $F = b'd + bd' + ad$

(8)

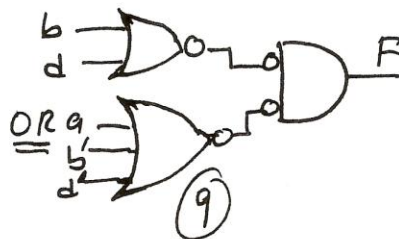
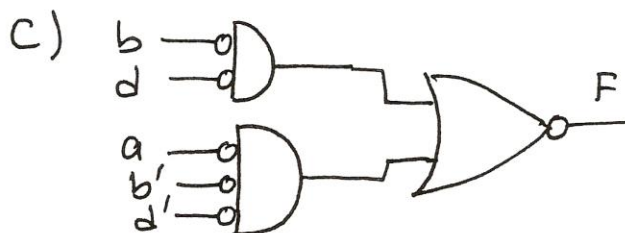
$$\bar{F} = b'd' + a'bd$$

$$F = (\bar{F})' = (b'd' + a'bd)'$$

b) $F = b(a+d') + b'd = d(a+b') + bd'$



(8)



(9)